Accessibility Checklist

Content Creators

Here are some of the main things to consider when creating a new web page to ensure that it is accessible to all people:

Write a Unique Page Title
Your page title should accurately reflect its content.

Write Descriptive Link Text
All links should be accompanied by a descriptive name and anchor text that clearly identifies the link destination.

Use Headers to Structure Content
Help visitors, particularly users of assistive technology who may override or disable CSS understand how the different information on the page is related.

Caption Videos
Ensure visitors with certain audio and cognitive/learning disabilities can enjoy your content.

Clearly Label Input Fields
Labels should be presented next to fields where users are required to enter information.

Provide Useful Alt Text for Non-Text Content
This helps to ensure that non-decorative images, media, applets, and other non-text content can be understood by users of assistive technologies

Quick Tests /

Here are some tests that can be undertaken to check your pages' level of accessibility:

Try Zooming to 200% to See If All Text Remains Visible

Try Navigating Your Site Using Only the Keyboard

Switch off Your Monitor and Try Using a Screen Reader

Deactivate CSS to See If the Document Structure Remains Understandable

Use Monsido's Color Contrast Checker to See If Text and Other On-Page Elements Are Clearly Distinguishable:
acquia.com/contrast

Learn more about Web Accessibility Standards and why they matter at:
https://www.w3.org/WAI/standards-guidelines/wcag/